

**The Evening Herald.**

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**THE CITY GOVERNMENT.**

**A**LBUQUERQUE's municipal government changed hands last night. Mayor Sellers laid down the reins of government and Major Boatright took them up. Carefully prepared statements by both the retiring and the incoming mayors were read to the city council and the people. Both are published in full in this issue of the Herald and both should be read carefully by every citizen, and especially by every taxpayer, not with a view to comparison, or fault finding on either side, but with a view to getting at facts and conditions as they actually exist in our city. For both statements are statements of fact.

The brief review of the city government during the past two years by Mayor Sellers is a showing which must be found highly satisfactory by every citizen. It is a showing of definite accomplishment by the council, the heads of the various departments and by a mayor who has had the best interests of the city at heart and who has worked hard and effectively in behalf of those interests. The most oft-repeated charge against Mr. Sellers as mayor has been that he was a "hot air" mayor. We feel constrained to say that if "hot air" will accomplish practical results of the kind summed up in the mayor's farewell statement, this city can stand a great deal of it in the city government. The statement shows that the retiring administration found an actual cash balance of approximately \$2,000 in the city treasury and left the treasury with an actual cash balance of more than \$11,000, after paying for \$19,000 worth of equipment in the fire department, completing the main work on the new city hall building \$7,000 worth of storm and sanitary sewers, and making other less important improvements, all properly to be classed as extraordinary expenditures; and at the same time making a definite reduction of taxation, over and above the increased assessed valuation of the past year, of approximately \$42,000.

The report shows a city which by comparison with other cities of the United States of the same census-class, has the lowest percentage of serious crime, and the lowest number of fires, as well as the lowest net fire loss. It shows a city which in the same census class comparison leads all others in lowest percentage of contagious disease, and highest per cent of health. Viewed from all sides, and fairly, it is a record upon which the retiring administration and the city are to be congratulated.

Major Boatright has taken a stand in which he will find the whole community with him, in asking for hearty co-operation from all branches of the city government and from all classes of people for the success of his administration. The new mayor should have this co-operation and we have no doubt that he will have it. A large majority of people, regardless of personal views, will approve his frank statement that he proposes to carry out his platform pledges to the people in so far as he can. Mr. Boatright was elected on those pledges by a majority of the people sufficiently large to show that there is a definite demand for the kind of administration which that platform proposed to give. It should be given, if the new mayor can do it. If it does not work out to the best interests of the city, the people will be quick to see it. In undertaking to carry out his platform pledges, however, the new mayor has several serious problems on his hands, including one of finance, one of law enforcement and one of what is truly best for the moral health and welfare of the city. We can but trust that the new administration will find a way to solve these problems satisfactorily and for the best interests of Albuquerque. His request for co-operation and harmony in the city government is frank and manly, and should be, and undoubtedly will be met more than half way by the council, by the various departments and by the people. We are all for the welfare and growth and prosperity of Albuquerque, and in wishing the new mayor and his administration success, we can wish them no better success than to leave behind them two years from this time a record of achievement and good government as clean and as comprehensive as that left by the retiring administration.

**TUBERCULOSIS IN THE ORIENT.**

**W**E HAVE become accustomed to consider tuberculosis as primarily an American disease, and few of us who have not made a careful study of the problem presented by the great white plague, realize that in the United States, terrible as the annual death rate is, it is smaller in proportion to population than in many of the nations of Europe and in the Orient as a whole.

Studying the statistics available we find that tuberculosis is one of if not the most serious health problem in the Orient. Active organizations to fight this disease have been formed in Japan, the Philippines, India and Australia. A movement is on foot for a national organization in China and in a number of cities local work has been started. While no accurate figures are available, those who are in position to know claim that consumption takes annually from 200,000 to 300,000 lives in China alone. In India the death rate is only as high, and on account of caste distinctions and native superstitions the problem of prevention and treatment is particularly difficult. The Japanese government has taken a hand officially in the control of tuberculosis, and is co-operating with two well organized private associations. The death rate, while very high, is lower than in China and India. Under the direction of the United States public health service a movement for the prevention of tuberculosis in the Philippines has also been organized.

**WHO IS CRAZY?**

**A**FTER slumbering peacefully for months, the Thaw case once more jumps into the limelight by the creation of a bizarre corpus which will set the case eventually before the United States supreme court. Thaw is thus assured of not going back to New York for a considerable period, as it undoubtedly will be a year or two before a final decision can be reached in his case. There is a possibility that New York will find it difficult to prove that Thaw is a menace to the public while at large. The whole question as to his sanity seems likely to be aired before the highest court and in a battle of this kind the Thaw rights will play an important part.

While Thaw is legally insane in New York, this cannot hold good in other states. The only possible ground on which he can be returned to New York is that he is a fugitive from justice, but owing to the verdict at his trial there may be great difficulty in proving this. Thaw may be insane now, but ever since his escape he has shown that he is capable of acting fairly rational. Indeed those who have been making desperate efforts to get him back to New York have at times acted much crazier than their victim.

With the prospect of having the degenerate consistently before us in the news for a year or so to come, there is a fair chance that we'll all go crazy.

**AN EXPERIMENT WITH TUBERCULOSIS.**

The problems presented by the widespread existence of tuberculosis in dairy cattle are manifold. The near or human experience in connection with the hygiene of the milk supply which is assuredly a matter of no small concern to all classes of society. The question of tuberculosis in cattle involves the economics of agriculture to a far greater degree than the uninformed can appreciate, for the disease has manifested itself in such a way that the hope of complete eradication must be deferred for a long time, to say the least. Furthermore, the outcome of the management of tuberculosis herds may point the way for advantageous applications in the field of human treatment of infection.

In view of the enormous practical difficulties in the way of the complete eradication of tuberculosis in cattle by the wholesale slaughter of all animals which are infected with tuberculosis, schemes for utilizing the latter have been devised. The most prominent of these is the systematic breeding of tuberculosis cows are isolated and used for breeding purposes, the calves being removed from the mothers at the earliest moment and brought on without further exposure to the disease. This has been rendered possible by the finding that such calves are regularly born in perfect health and entirely free from tuberculosis. The affected breeding cattle in this way do not become an entire economic loss. A ten-year investigation, carefully verified and supervised by government officials has just been reported by Brooks in connection with what is probably one of the most valuable herds of Holstein-Friesian cattle in the world.

The object was to produce a herd of Holstein cattle free from tuberculosis taint and yet endowed with all the most valuable strain-characteristics possessed by this breed. Animals were selected because of their desirability, entirely independent of the presence or absence of tuberculosis.

The tuberculous animals greatly outnumber the non-tuberculous. These hundred tuberculous animals were studied. The existence of tuberculosis was determined by the administration of trichloroform to the official feed of tuberculin, repeated in no-reactive animals three times at intervals of six months. All animals reacting to either test were removed at once to the tuberculous farm so that there was no possibility of the transmission

**SOLOS**

by the  
Second Fiddle.

**I**HE MAYOR proposes, and the council—disposes.

IF VICTOR HUERTA really has been looking to force intervention, he's made a blighted successful job of it.

MEXICO CITY was astonished at the news. But the Czar has a lot coming to it yet in the way of surprise.

IT SHOULD ACQUIRE a shock absorber.

FIFTY MILLIONS ought to provide quite a chunk of national defense.

MINORITY LEADER Mann now knows something about the operation of the steam roller that he never knew when running it.

ANY MAN can learn things about a machine by getting under it.

IN NAMING them, there was no loss of time by Mayor Boatright. It must be plain to any boss. The council didn't vote right.

IT'S A FAIRLY easy job to tell the other fellow how he might have succeeded after he has failed.

MOST MEN expect to do all the sinning for their entire families.

SOMETIMES a lesser delivers the goods.

THERE'S the setting fire.

THE KING OF ITALY has added a Carnegie hero medal to his collection. They're getting as common as ping-pong tags.

THEY HAVE barred the one-piece bathing suit at Coney Island. But you can get by with it on Broadway.

THE OMAHA BEE announces that there will be no longer issue in Nebraska this year. What will the Bee do to keep busy?

WIT THE CREAM of intellect, it is mighty hard to win.

GENERAL COXEY is just another one who can't come back.

EVEN THE Coxey mule hasn't a kick in him.

IT IS said Col. Geo. Washington Ward makes a fairly good living as dogcatcher. Let's make the colonial official cat catcher, and boost him into the automobile class.

MONEY by any other name is just as hard to get.

EXCEPT WHEN some fool calls it time.

LOST ONE CALAMITY: Generous reward will be paid for information regarding disaster to the wool industry, said to be due to arrive with E. Tariff Schedule. Schedule is here all O. K. But disaster is missing.

HAVE YOU noticed that Albuquerque nearly has a \$100,000 high school?

DOC WILEY's Latin talking 3-year-old is not disturbed. The new Wiley baby understands sign language.

WOMEN are employed in Singapore for road building. Where's good in the colonies ought to work fine in militant London.

A LAW to enable women to propose marriage is being urged in Sweden. The poor Swedes never know when he's off. What we need on this side is a law to prevent 'em.

TIME MAY come when London ladies will carry emblazoned on their banners "Hopes for Women."

SOMETIMES watchful waiting consists a wicked wallow.

ONE MURPHY who was down and out seems to be coming in and up through the cellar entrance.

PENROSE AND HEARST have joined forces in opposition to the president's canal tolls stand.

ONLY comment on the above is "I told you so."

GO R. DORSBY!

Dorsey Webster has the measles this week. He had the mumps last week. Coffeyville, Kan. Journal.

NORMAN IS NO FOOL.

Mr. Norman James is still wearing his red leggings.—Waynesville, N. C. Enterprise.

LEAVE IT TO PAPA.

"Papa, what is a transformer?" "Ask your mother. She has a charge account with one."

BIGLY Sunday showing—Headline. So are off live wires.

AS A LAST resort Huerta can kick the lid off Popocatapetl.

of infection from the tuberculous group to the healthy one. At birth the calves are immediately taken from the mother. Feedings are on pasteurized milk collected indiscriminately from sound and tuberculous animals. Of more than two hundred calves born of the tuberculous herd, not one has become tuberculous, although all have been tested three times by massive doses of tuberculin. These animals are rather more resistant to tuberculosis than animals born of non-tuberculous parents. No falling off in type in milk production or fertility is present in these calves, no increase in death rate exists among them as compared with the offspring of healthy cattle, no falling off in value takes place, and several of the most valuable cows and bulls in the world are of this ancestry. These facts, says

The Journal of the American Medical

**Great Trials of History****TRIAL OF ASSASSIN OF CANOVAS**

**T**HE MURDER of Señor Canovas del Castillo, the Spanish prime minister, on Sunday, August 8, 1897, brought on one of the most critical periods in the history of that country during the nineteenth century. Spain had been in such an unsettled state for a long time that the taking off of her right arm, for such was Canovas' considered, almost meant the dissolution of the existing government.

The deed was committed by a Neapolitan anarchist at Santa Agueda. His name was Michele Angino Goll.

The prime minister had gone to Santa Agueda with his wife for the baths. The murderer fired three shots, one of which struck Canovas in the forehead and another in the chest. He fell at the feet of his wife, and lingered in agony for two hours before he passed away.

Goll was immediately arrested. He declared that he had committed the deed "in accomplishment of a just vengeance." At the moment of the assassination the minister was waiting in the gallery of the bathing establishment for his wife. The assassin narrowly escaped lynching at the hands of the waiters and attendants. Detectives and civil guards immediately arrested him.

On the morning of the funeral three anarchists were arrested in Milan. On their persons were a number of incriminating documents showing that there had existed an international anarchist plot. The documents captured included letters from Caserio Santo, the assassin of President Carnot, and Pietro Acciari, who attempted to assassinate King Humbert on the previous April.

The trial of Goll was begun at Vergara, Spain. It was a coronial trial, presided over by a lieutenant colonel and captain of artillery. All the statements of the prisoner were submitted in writing. When he was brought in for examination he refused to choose counsel and the judge appointed Lieutenant Corria of the artillery to defend him. He accepted the duty and made the defense.

An interview was given to the newspapers by the prisoner, in which he asserted that the assassination of President Faure of France had not been suggested, but that the anti-persons whose death had been desired were Premiers Canovas for torturing the anarchists, and General Polavieja, for ordering the execution of Dr. Rizal, the leader of the insurgents in the Philippine Islands.

About 200 persons were present at the trial, which only lasted two hours. The prisoner, heavily manacled, sat between two gendarmes, and immediately in front of him were the judges. On the table nearby lay the revolver and other material evidence of the crime.

Goll was put to death by the garrison at 11 o'clock on August 20. He heard the news calmly that he was to be executed on that day. An executioner from Burgos performed the gatting. Just prior to the execution a priest ordered the anarchist to repeat to which he responded: "Since you cannot get me out of prison, leave me in peace. I myself will settle with God." Señor Canovas requested the priest who gave extreme unction to her husband as he was dying from the assassin's bullet, to visit Goll and assure him of her forgiveness.

Association remains constant even where at least three generations of known tuberculous parentage exist.

PEAS Pancakes.

Pitch pine from Mobile is being used on the terminal of the Hudson Bay railway at Port Nelson.

Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, employs outside of its cities 2,000 public school teachers.

The moving picture craze has spread almost over the entire world. The Chinese are eager for the pictures.

One-third of the world's supply of platinum is required in dentistry and another third for electrical purposes.

At Quite, the only city in the world on the line of the equator, the sun sets and rises at 6 o'clock all the year round.

The whaling season of 1913 eclipsed all records, the yield of oil for the world being estimated at \$90,000,000.

Dr. Charles A. Morse, of Newmarket, N. H., is at one and the same time postmaster, judge of the district court, moderator of town meetings, moderator of school meetings, chairman of the board of health, foreman of the fire company, water commissioner, pension examiner and representative in the legislature.

Maud, "the worst mule to show in Middlesex County, N. J.", was not allowed to enter the blacksmith shop where it had usually been shod, and Andy Kronwaye undertook the job using a new method. A chloroform cocktail was administered and the mule was shod while under its influence.

Victor Hugo found the knowledge of foreign languages a dangerous possession for an author. "I have long since regretted my folly in learning Spanish," he confessed to Henri Rochefort. "If you want to retain a perfect mastery of your native tongue avoid any acquaintance with foreign languages."

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Sealed bids will be received for commercial printing.

City reserves right to reject any and all bids.

THOMAS HUGHES,  
City Clerk.

**PROPOSALS FOR BURIAL OF PAUPER DEAD.**

Proposals for burial of pauper dead.

In accordance with the ordinance of the city of Albuquerque, New Mexico, will be received by the council of said city and opened at a special or regular meeting to be held on or after May 4, 1914. All bids must be in the hands of the city clerk not later than Monday, May 4, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon.

Each bidder will be required to deposit a certified check of \$10.00 payable to the city of Albuquerque, to insure the good faith of the bid, check to be returned to bidder when contract is entered into.

Bond in the sum of \$100 will be required from the successful bidder, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract in accordance with city ordinance, advertising bid and contract entered into. Contract to run one year from May 4, 1914.

Proposals are also to include ambulance service to and from the detention hospital whether located within or without the city limits for such cases as may be decided by the mayor, city physician or marshal to be destitute cases.

City reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

THOMAS HUGHES,  
City Clerk.

**PROPOSALS FOR FEEDING CITY PRISONERS, ETC.**